

Testing Object Oriented Software 2010

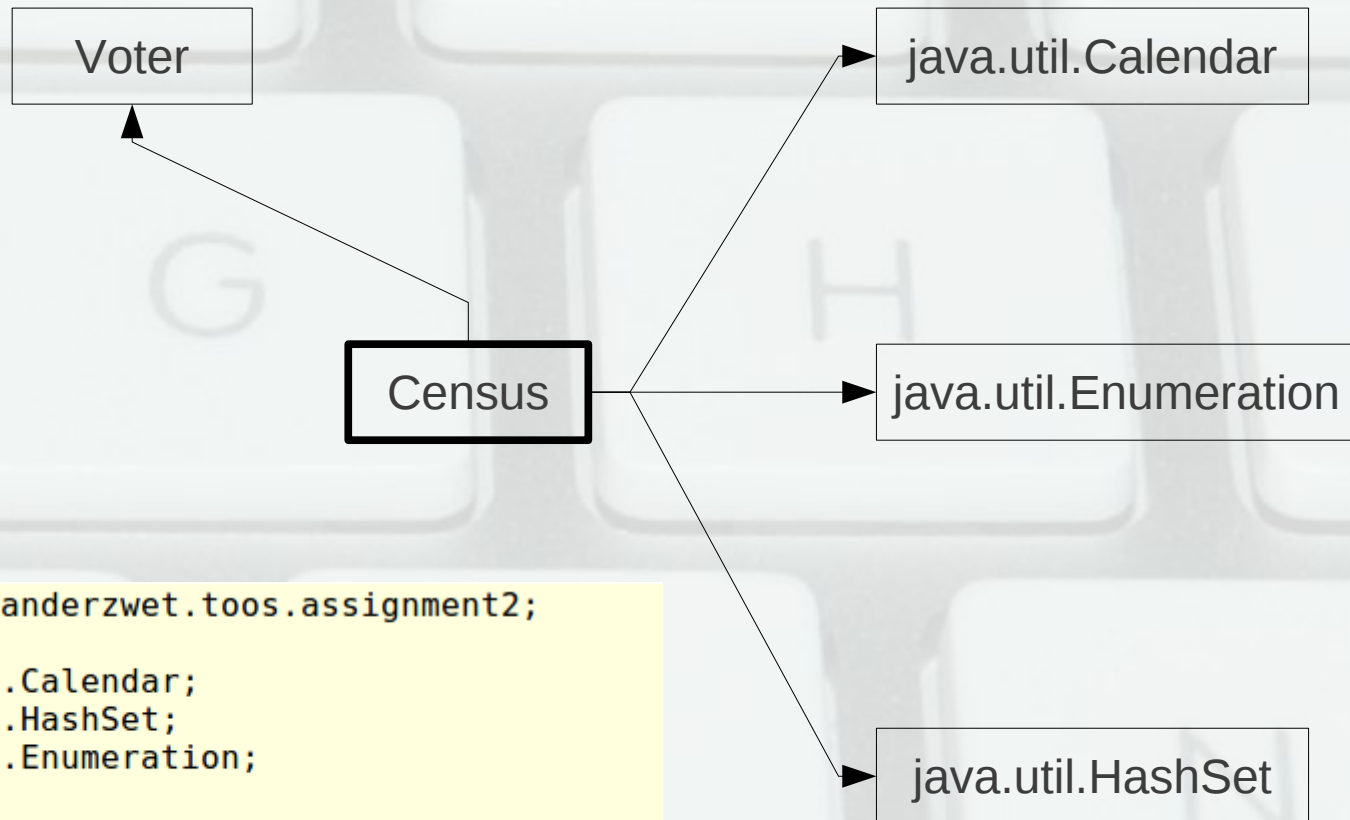
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- Goal: Design method to automate of Object Oriented software given a Sequence Diagram (*SD*).
- Implementation: (Automatically) Write a wrapper around the CUT to test for properties being accessed. (WrapTest).
- Issues UML input needs to be consistent not left to human interpretation

The Idea

- On creation wrapper around all classes to test for function calls.
- Include special functions to test for variable access.
- Use input space partitioning to generate all possible inputs.

FunctionWrapper

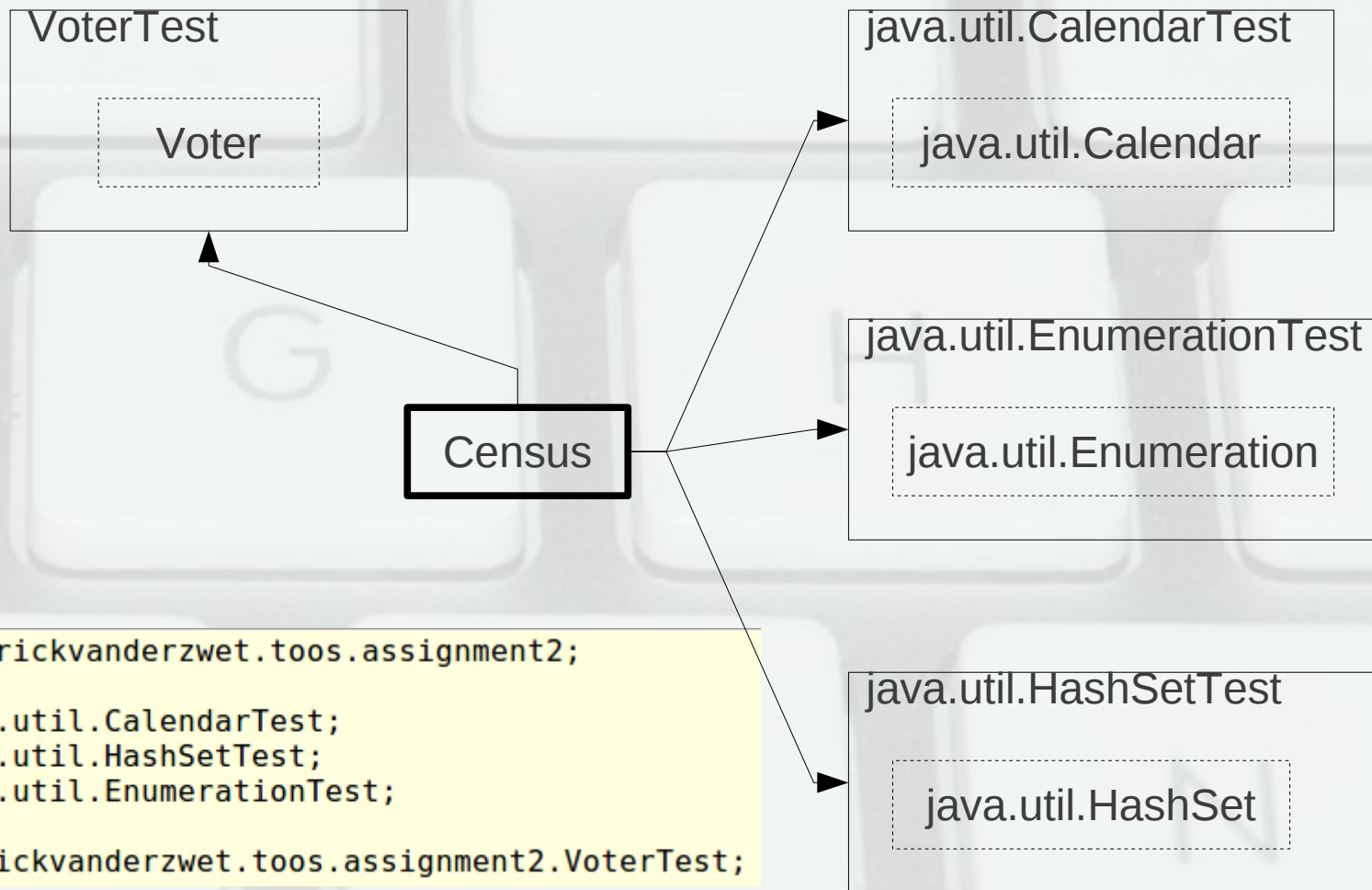


```
package nl.rickvanderzwet.toos.assignment2;

import java.util.Calendar;
import java.util.HashSet;
import java.util.Enumeration;

import nl.rickvanderzwet.toos.assignment2.Voter;
```

FunctionWrapper - continued



```
package nl.rickvanderzwet.toos.assignment2;

import java.util.CalendarTest;
import java.util.HashSetTest;
import java.util.EnumerationTest;

import nl.rickvanderzwet.toos.assignment2.VoterTest;
```


FunctionWrapper - example

```
package nl.rickvanderzwet.toos.assignment2;  
  
public class Voter {  
    public Boolean getVote() {  
        return fvote;  
    }  
}
```

Extend and a public counter will do the trick

```
package nl.rickvanderzwet.toos.assignment2;  
  
public class VoterWrapTest extends Voter {  
    public getVote_counter = 0;  
  
    public Boolean getVote() {  
        getVote_counter++;  
        return super.getVote();  
    }  
}
```

The Idea

- On creation wrapper around all classes to test for function calls.
- Include special functions to test for variable access.
- Use input space partitioning to generate all possible inputs.

VariableTest

```
package nl.rickvanderzwet.toos.assignment2;  
  
public class Voter {  
    public Boolean fvote;
```

```
package nl.rickvanderzwet.toos.assignment2;  
  
public class Voter {  
    public Boolean fvote;  
  
    public Boolean fvoteWrapTest() {  
        return fvote;  
    }  
}
```

- Add special function to return the public variable.
- Most preferred you want to 'hide' all your public variables behind interfaces.

The Idea

- On creation wrapper around all classes to test for function calls.
- Include special functions to test for variable access.
- Use input space partitioning to generate all possible inputs.

Input Space Partitioning (ISP)

- 1) The FunctionWrapper will tell you which external classes are used.
- 2) Using the description (javadoc) you will find the scope of the variables returned.
- 3) Using this information you can (automatically) write test cases such that (most of) all is covered.

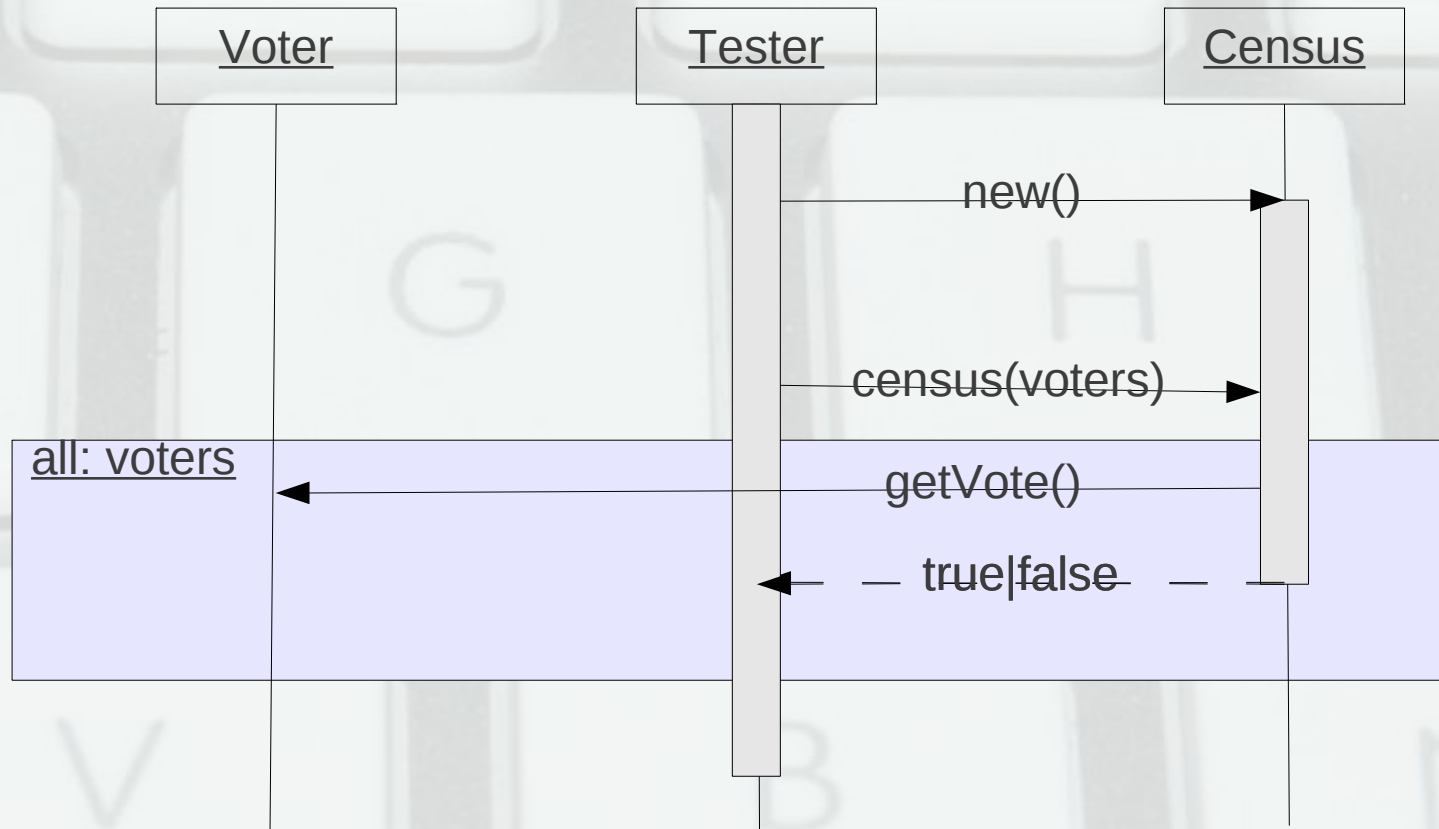
ISP - Example

```
/* Nobody likes voting on Tuesday don't they? */
Calendar rightNow = Calendar.getInstance();
if (rightNow.get(Calendar.DAY_OF_WEEK) == Calendar.WEDNESDAY) {
    logger.debug("Sorry not today");
    return false;
}
```

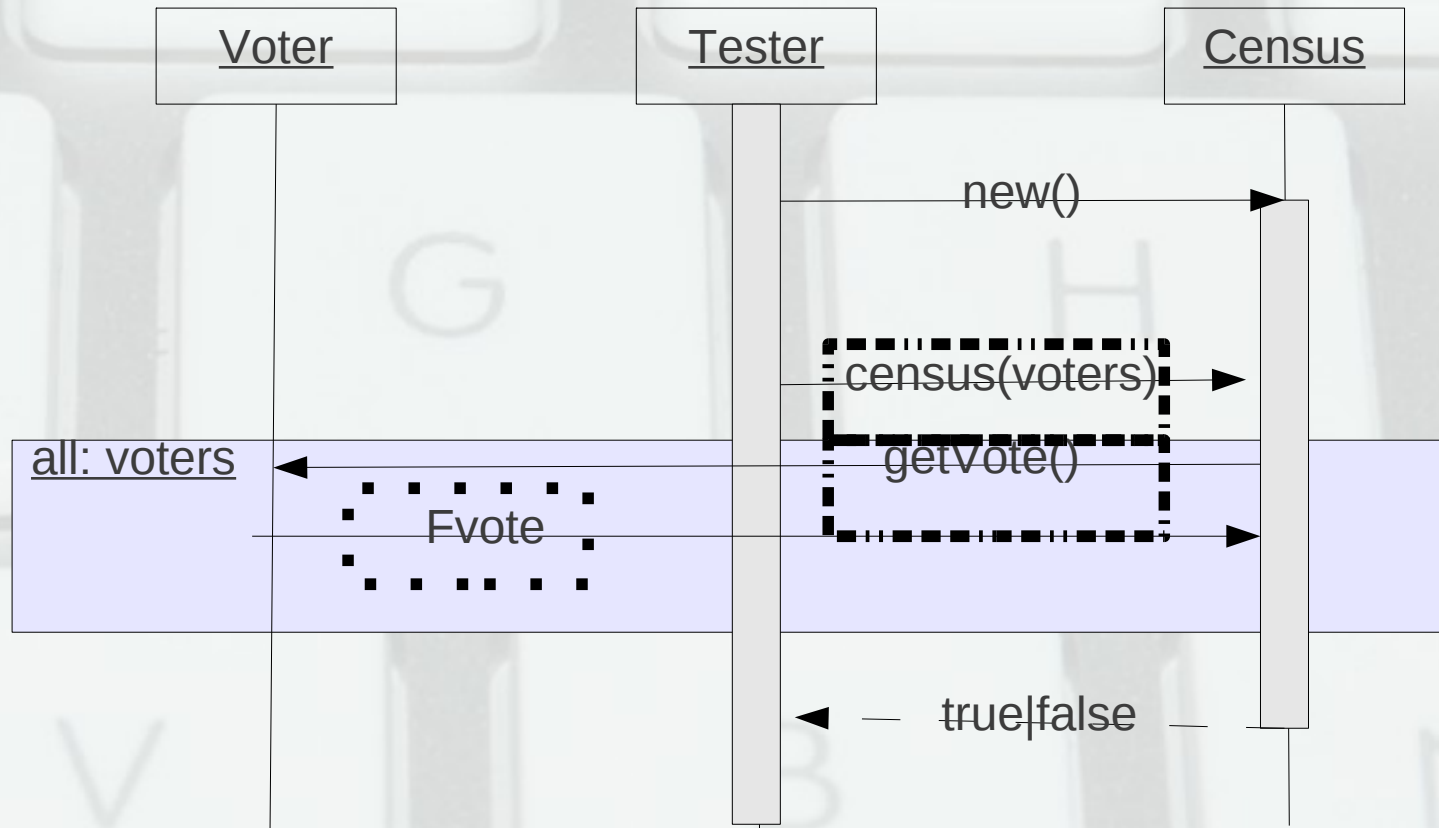
```
/* Nobody likes voting on Tuesday don't they? */
Calendar rightNow = CalendarWrapTest.getInstance();
if (rightNow.get(CalendarWrapTest.DAY_OF_WEEK) == CalendarWrapTest.WEDNESDAY) {
    logger.debug("Sorry not today");
    return false;
}
```

root=[\\$ROOT/java/util/Calendar.html#getInstance\(\)](http://download.oracle.com/javase/1.4.2/docs/api/$ROOT/java/util/Calendar.html#getInstance())
\$ROOT/java/util/Calendar.html

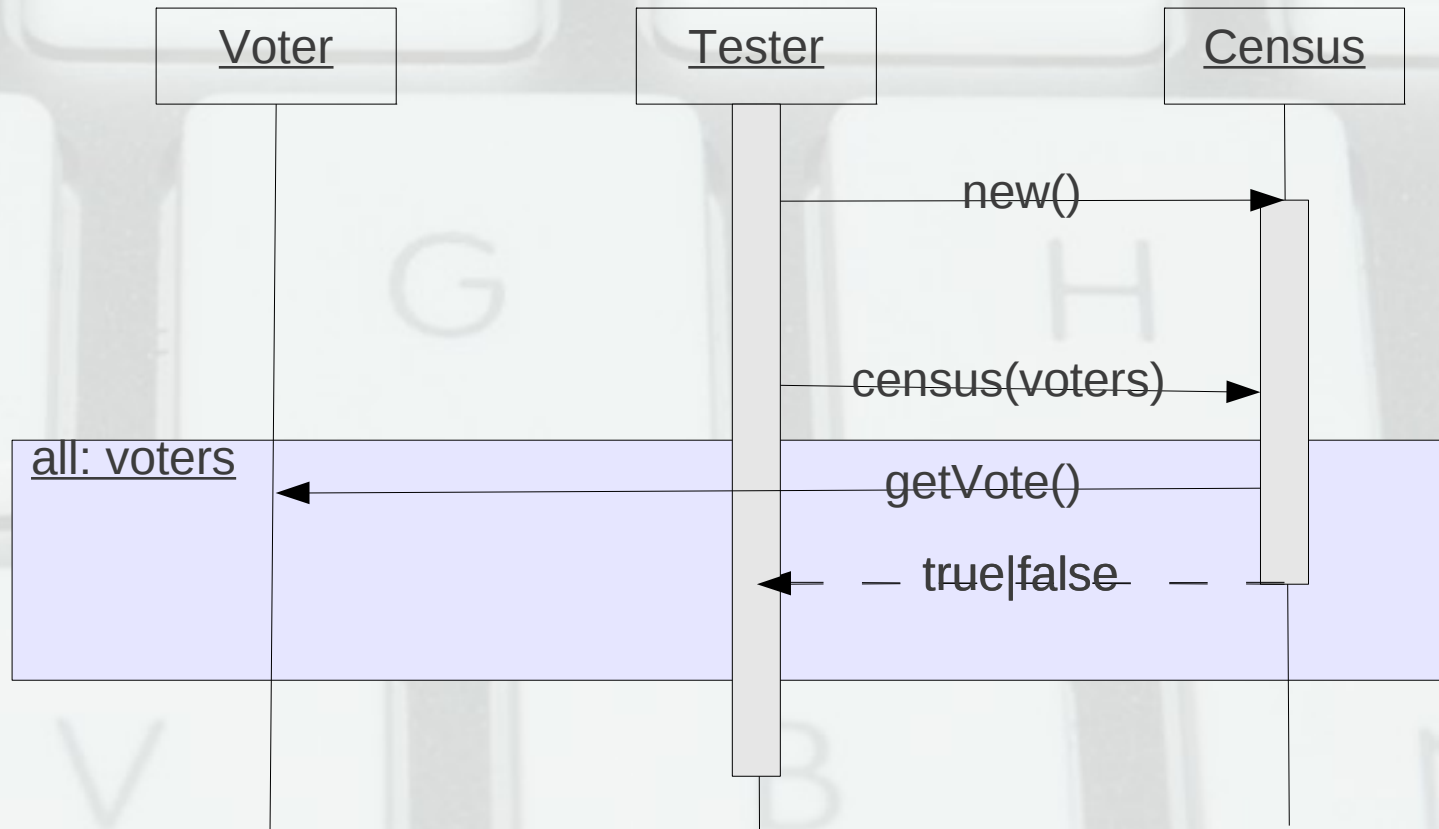
The Big Picture



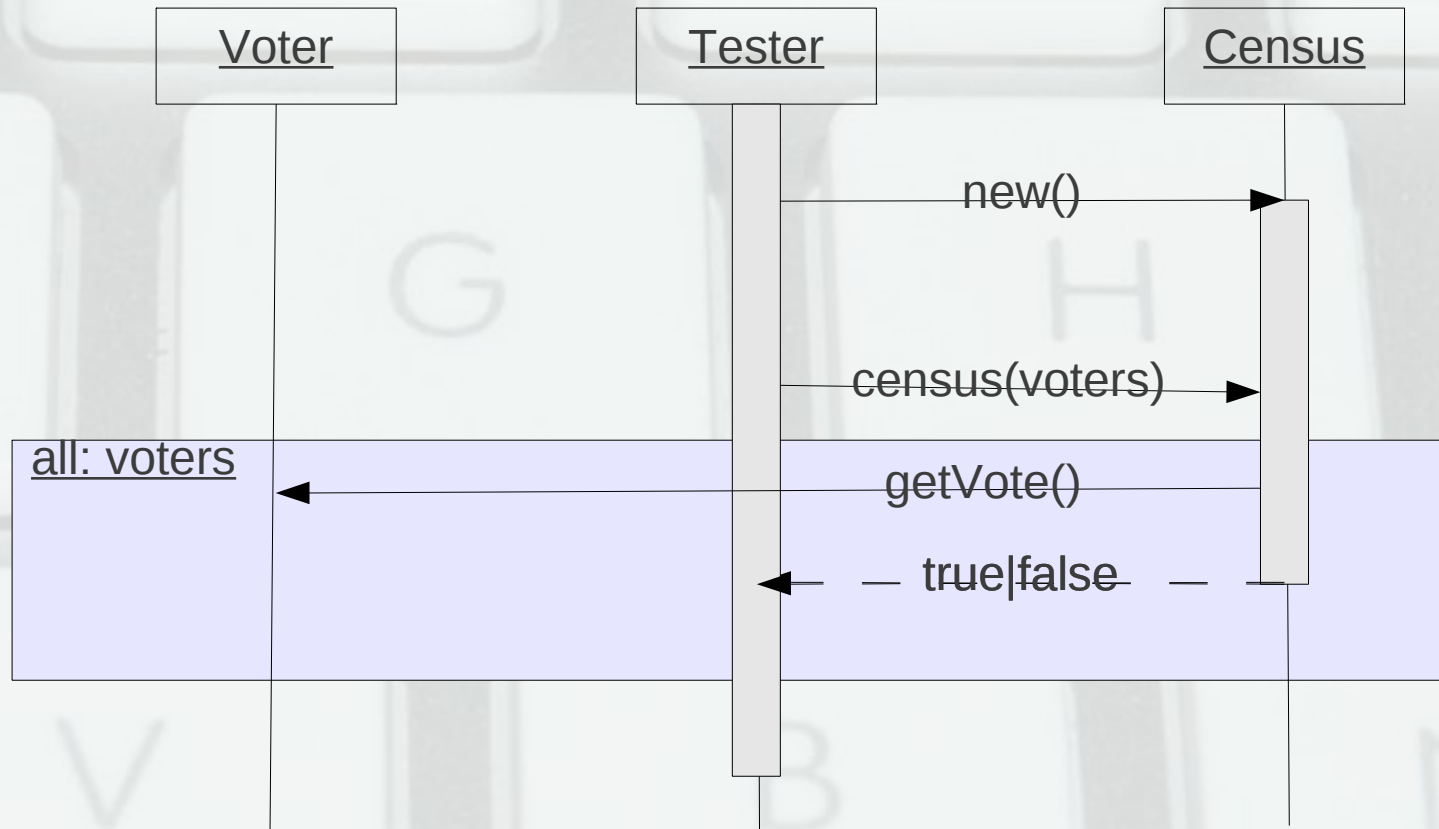
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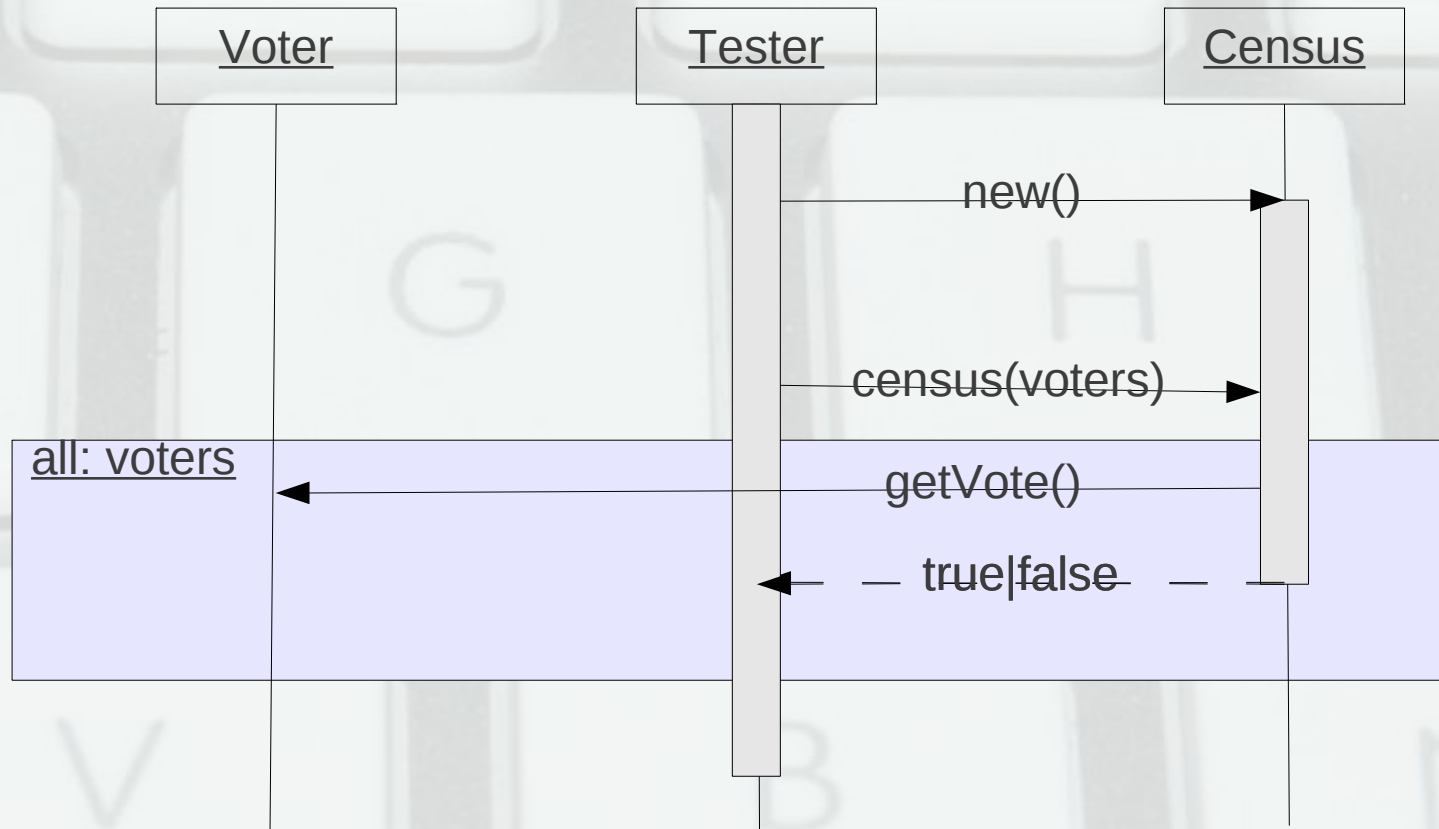
The Big Picture



The Big Picture



The Big Picture



Conclusions of 'WrapTest'

- a) Allows us to implement a test case from a *SD*.
- b) No proof of correctness can be given.
- c) Some details are left for 'human' implementation.
- d) Hard to 'wrap' libraries.